

## Construction and Feature

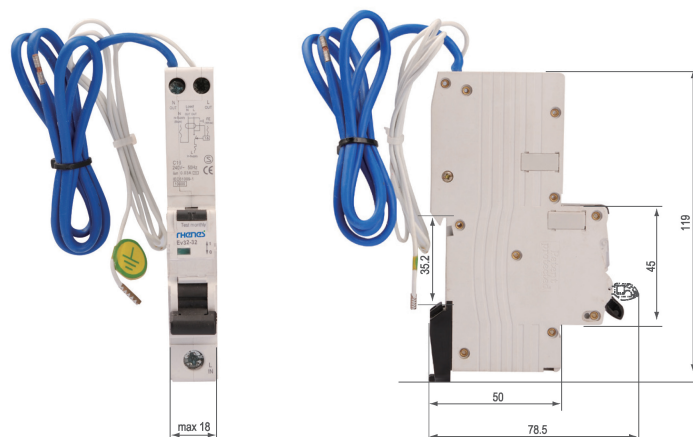


- ◆ Elegant appearance; cover and handle in arc shape make comfortable operation.
- ◆ Contact position indicating window
- ◆ Transparent cover designed to carry label.
- ◆ In case of overload to protected circuit, RCBO handle trips and stays at central position, which enables a quick solution to the faulty line. The handle cannot stay in such position when operated manually.
- ◆ RCBO handle can be locked either at "ON" position or at "OFF" position to prevent unwanted operation of the product.
- ◆ Provides protection against earth fault/leakage current, short-circuit and overload
- ◆ High short-circuit capacity
- ◆ Provides complementary protection against direct contact by human body.
- ◆ Effectively protects electric equipment against insulating failure
- ◆ Contact position indication
- ◆ Provides protection against over-voltage

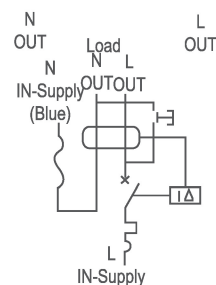
## Technical Data

- ◆ Type: electronic type
- ◆ Residual current characteristics: A, AC
- ◆ Pole No.: 1P+N
- ◆ Tripping curve: B, C, D
- ◆ Rated short-circuit capacity: 10kA
- ◆ Rated current (A): 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 10, 16, 20, 25, 32
- ◆ Rated voltage: 230V AC
- ◆ Rated frequency: 50/60Hz
- ◆ Rated residual operating current(mA): 0.03, 0.1, 0.3
- ◆ Tripping duration: Instantaneous <0.1s
- ◆ Terminal Connection Height:  
H1=19mm H2=22mm H3=18mm
- ◆ Electro-mechanical endurance: 4000 cycles
- ◆ Connection terminal: pillar terminal with clamp
- ◆ Connection capacity:  
Rigid conductor 10mm<sup>2</sup>
- ◆ Installation:  
On symmetrical DIN rail 35mm  
Panel mounting

## Overall & Installation Dimensions



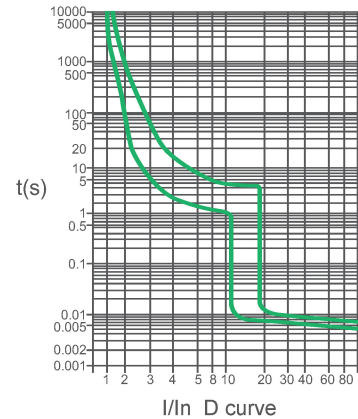
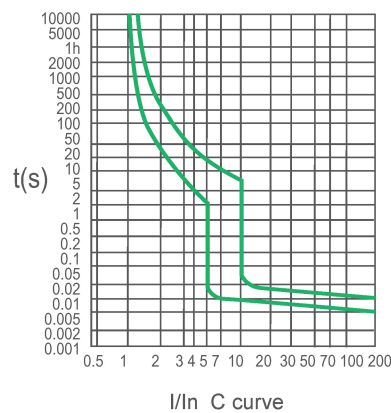
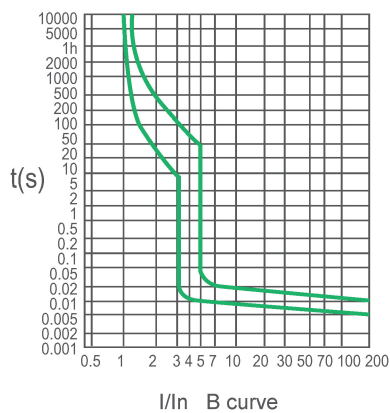
## Wiring Diagram



# Ev32-32 Series

## Residual Current Circuit Breaker with Overcurrent Protection

### Characteristic Curve



### Overload Current Protection Characteristics

Test Procedure	Type	Test Current	Initial State	Tripping or Non-tripping Time Limit	Expected Result	Remark
A	B, C, D	1.13In	cold	$t \leq 1h$	no tripping	
B	B, C, D	1.45In	after test a	$t < 1h$	tripping	Current in the 5 s in the increase of stability
C	B, C, D	2.55In	cold	$1s < t < 60s$	tripping	
D	B	3In	cold	$t \geq 0.1s$	no tripping	Turn on the auxiliary switch to close the current
	C	5In				
	D	10In				
E	B	5In	cold	$t < 0.1s$	tripping	Turn on the auxiliary switch to close the current
	C	10In				
	D	50In				

The terminology "cold state" refers to that no load is carried before testing at the reference setting temperature.

### Residual Current Action Breaking Time

Type	In/A	I $\Delta$ n/A	Residual Current (I $\Delta$ ) Is Corresponding To The Following Breaking Time (S)					
			I $\Delta$ n	2 I $\Delta$ n	5 I $\Delta$ n	5A, 10A, 20A, 50A, 100A, 200A, 500A	I $\Delta$ t	
General type	any value	any value	0.3	0.15	0.04	0.04	0.04	Max Break-time

The general type RCBO whose current I $\Delta$ n is 0.03mA or less can use 0.25A instead of 5I $\Delta$ n.

### Residual Current Operated Circuit Breaker Tripping Current Range

Tripping current I $\Delta$ /A		
0.5I $\Delta$ n < I $\Delta$ < I $\Delta$ n		
Lagging Angle	I $\Delta$ n > 0.01A	I $\Delta$ n ≤ 0.01A
0°	0.35I $\Delta$ n	1.4I $\Delta$ n
90°	0.25I $\Delta$ n	
135°	0.11I $\Delta$ n	